

How PTS Affects the Military Community

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University of Cincinnati School of Social Work Alumni Day Program Presentation- 13 MAY 22 Photo by: Navy Petty Officer 3rd Class Alexander C. Kubitza

Today's Agenda

- Definition of PTS(d)
- The Evolution of PTS(d) Clinical Vernacular
- Incidence Statistics
- Diagnostic Criteria & PTS(d) Symptomatology
 - Why is it important to have the diagnosis?
- PTS vs. PTS(d)
- Signs and Behaviors
- Risk Factors
- Triggers
- What does PTS(d) feel like?
- Moral Injury
- What YOU can do
- Suggested Resources
- Where to refer

Definition of PTSD

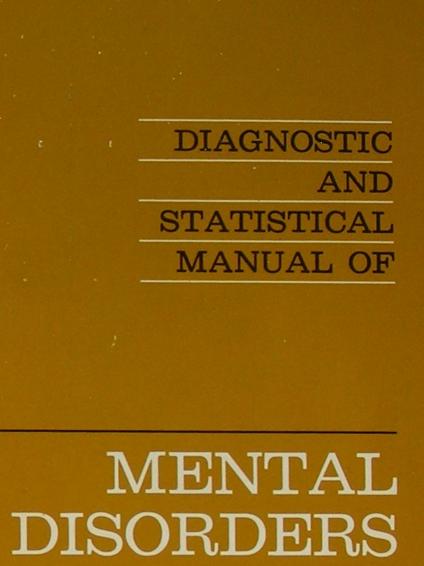
The American Psychological Association defines Posttraumatic stress disorder (PTS[d]) as an anxiety problem that develops in some people after extremely traumatic events, such as combat, crime, an accident, or natural disaster.





The Evolution of PTS(d) Clinical Vernacular

- Civil War-"Soldier's Heart"
- * 1940's- "Battle Fatigue"
- 1952- DSM-1 Referred to "Stress Response Syndrome"
- * 1968- DSM-2 the condition was listed under "Situational Disorders"
- The Vietnam War provided many study subjects which resulted in an increase in research
- DSM-5 ('13)- NEW category: "Trauma- & Stressor- related disorders





SECOND EDITION (DSM-II) AMERICAN PSYCHIATRIC ASSOCIATION

Incidence Rates of PTS(d) in the General Population

70% of adults in the U.S. have experienced some type of traumatic event at least once in their lives. This equates to approximately 223.4 million people

Up to 20% of these people go on to develop PTS(d). As of today, that equates to approximately 44.7 million people who were or are struggling with PTS(d).

An estimated 8% of Americans – 20 million people – have PTS(d) at any given time. That is equal to the total population of Texas.

Women are more than twice as likely as men to develop PTS(d) than men.

✤ 12.9% of U.S. Veterans today have been diagnosed with PTSD

Most Common Trauma events by Gender

Women are more likely to experience sexual assault and childhood sexual abuse

Men are more likely to experience accidents, physical assault, combat, disaster, or witness a death or injury

PTS(d) can happen to ANYONE! It is NOT a sign of weakness



Incidence Rates of PTS(d) in the General & Veteran Populations & It's Impact on the Vet/Mil Community

- According to the VA, experts estimate that up to 20% of OEF/OIF Veterans, up to 10% of Gulf War Veterans, and up to 30% of Vietnam War Veterans have experienced PTS(d)
- According to AFSP 45,979 Americans died by suicide in 2020. In the same year, there were 1.2 million suicide attempts. ~20 per day were Veterans. Many suffered from untreated PTS(d)

Diagnostic Criteria

Exposure to actual or threatened death, serious injury, or

sexual violence by:

Directly experiencing the traumatic event(s).

Witnessing, in person, the event(s) as it occurred to others.

Learning that the traumatic event(s) occurred to a <u>close</u> <u>family member or close friend</u>. (Actual or threatened death

must have been violent or accidental.)

Experiencing <u>repeated or extreme exposure</u> to aversive details of the traumatic event(s) (e.g., first responders collecting human remains: police officers repeatedly exposed

PTS(d) Intrusive symptoms Ways that the trauma is 'retology

experienced" in the present

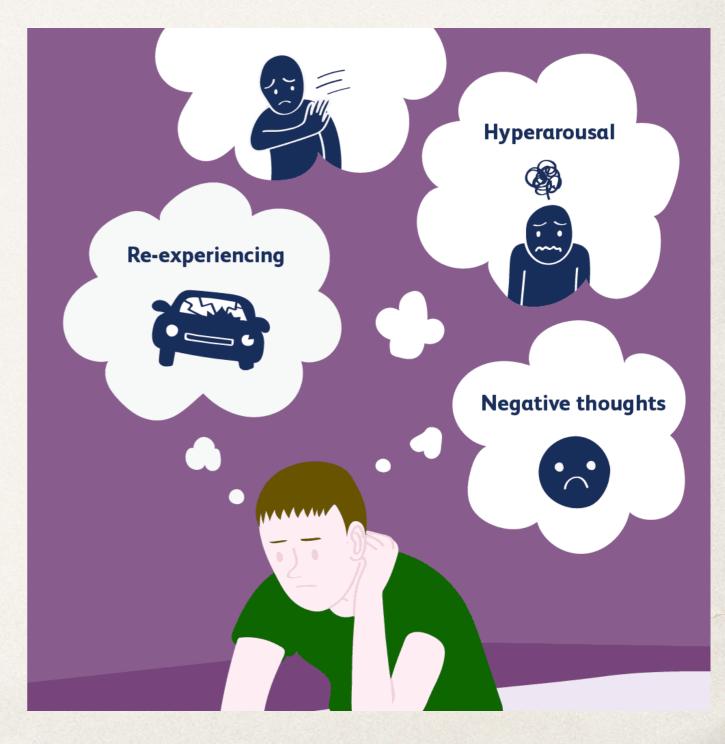
Avoidance symptoms

- Efforts to avoid internal (e.g.,
- thoughts/feelings) or external (e.g.,
- situations) that remind one of the
- trauma.

Impact on mood and/or beliefs

Ways the trauma has impacted beliefs (e.g., about self, others, or the world) Impacts on mood (e.g., feeling detached or numb)

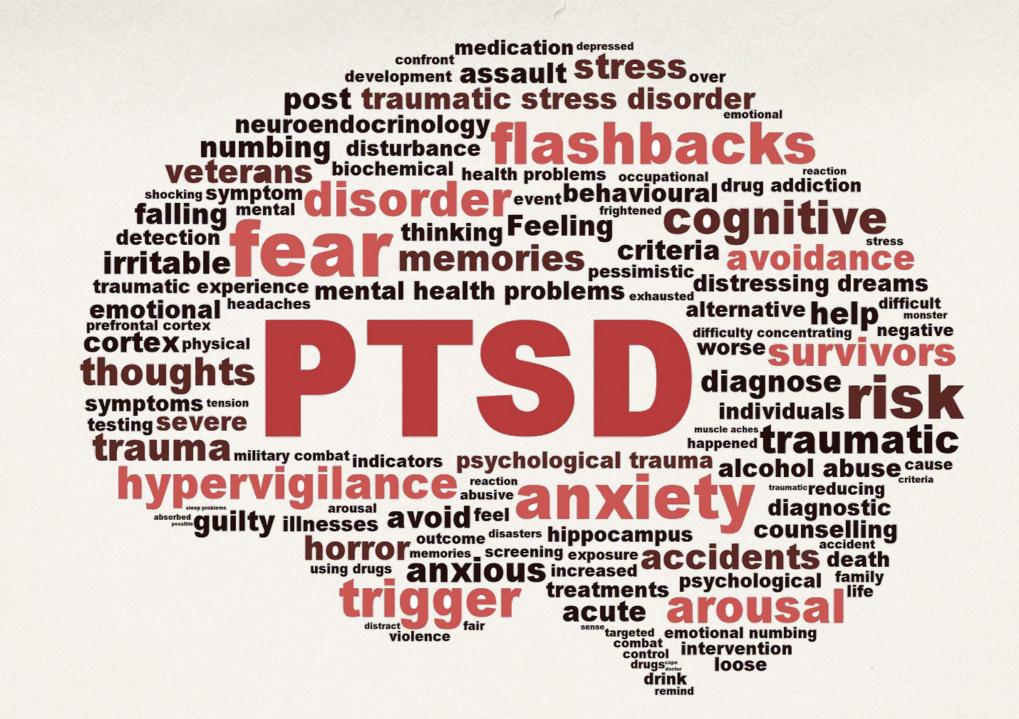
Hyperarousal



The Importance of having a PTS(d) Diagnosis

- Understanding what is happening
- Identification of treatment options
- Insurance (billing)
- Senefits, including service connection: <u>https://www.benefits.va.gov/compensation/resources_comp01.asp</u>





The Difference between PTS(d) and PTS

"A normal response to an abnormal situation."

https://youtu.be/fPvF2-o8jNc

Signs and Behaviors

- Irritability
- Isolation
- Avoiding crowds, lines
- Avoiding trauma
 - reminders
- Using drugs/alcohol to cope or avoid



Risk Factors for PTS(d) Among People in the Military

- Lower education status
- Previous trauma/s
- Drug and Alcohol use
- Poor Social/Family Supports
- * History of Mental Illness
- Genetics



Internal Triggers

- Anger
- Memories
- Feeling lonely
- Feeling abandoned
- Feeling like one has no control
- Feeling vulnerable
- Pain

External Triggers

- An argument
- The news! (Afghanistan withdrawal and Ukraine)
- Smells
- Loss of a relationship
- Holidays
- A specific place
- Fireworks
- Seating arrangements in a restaurant

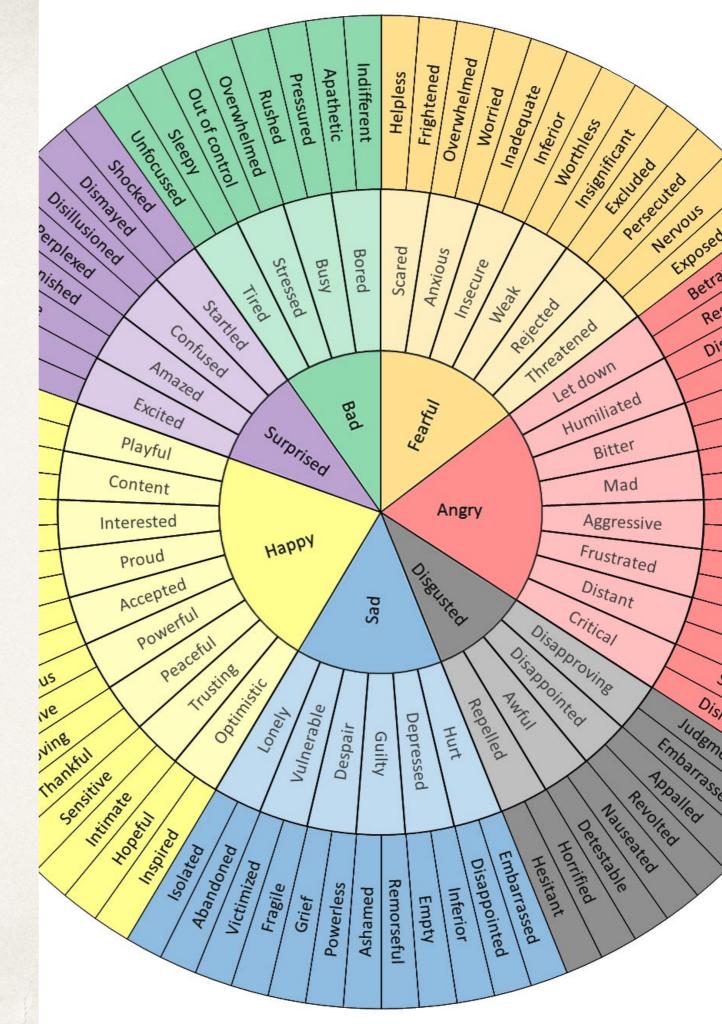
What does PTS(d) feel like?

"You know that feeling you get when someone jumps out and scares you and you are on high alert for a few minutes? That alertness never goes away for me." — Holly M.

"You're constantly on guard. You can never rest without thinking about something. I get panicked at the slightest thing that wouldn't bother anyone like loud bangs or someone's footsteps, or someone calling my name and I don't know where it's coming from." — **Ross R.**

"It's like being trapped in a time capsule. Your surroundings change, but you're forever in the state of your trauma — flashes of memories through all five senses, body memories, nightmares — it consumes your entire being and never by choice!" — **Corey L.**

"It's like living in a slideshow instead of a video. Everything is choppy and confusing. There's doubt, chaos and terror night and day." — Adele E.





What is "moral injury?"

Moral Injury

- The distressing psychological, behavioral, social, and sometimes spiritual aftermath of exposure to traumatic events
- People may have perpetrated, witnessed, or failed to prevent an event that contradicts deeply held beliefs, morals, and expectations

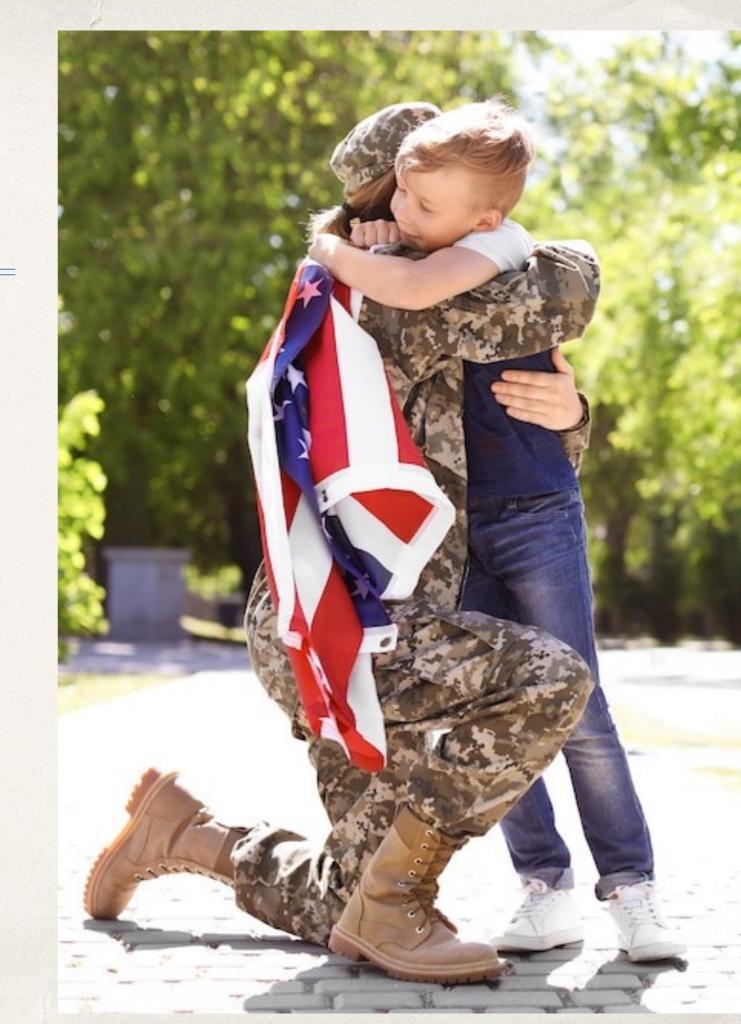
What can YOU do?

- You could review what the research says
- You could take further training to specialize in EBP's for treating PTS(d)
- This is what a few people who are struggling with PTS say they need from us:

https://themighty.com/2016/03/22-ways-to-supportsomeone-with-ptsd-from-people-who-have-it/

Suggested Resources

- VA's National Center for PTSD
- Anxiety & Depression Center Association of America
- * NAMI
- ✤ DSM-5-TR
- On Combat, On Killing- Lt. Col. Dave Grossman
- TRIBE: On Homecoming & Belonging-Sebastian Unger
- Social Work Practice with Veterans- Dr. Gary Dick (UC!)



Where to refer Veterans for Specialized Support

- Cohen Veterans Network
- ✤ VAMC
- Headstrong
- Vets4Warriors
- Many other resources available!

Sources

- https://www.verywellmind.com/ptsd-triggers-andcoping-strategies-2797557
- https://themighty.com/2017/01/what-ptsd-feels-like/
- https://themighty.com/2016/03/22-ways-to-supportsomeone-with-ptsd-from-people-who-have-it/
- https://afsp.org/suicide-statistics/
- https://www.apa.org/topics/ptsd

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